INSTALLATION GUIDE

DRAGONFLY® S INDUSTRIAL MACHINE VISION CAMERAS



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FCC Compliance

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesirable operation.

Korean EMC Certification

The KCC symbol indicates that this product complies with Korea's Electrical Communication Basic Law regarding EMC testing for electromagnetic interference (EMI) and susceptibility (EMS).

This equipment is classified as Class B industrial equipment.

This device is a household (class B) electromagnetic wave compatibility device and is primarily intended for use at home, and can be used in all areas.

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Hardware Warranty

The warranty for the Dragonfly S camera is 3 years. For detailed information on how to repair or replace your camera, please see the terms and conditions on our website.

Export Control

The ECCN for this product is EAR099.

WEEE

The symbol indicates that this product may not be treated as household waste. Please ensure this product is properly disposed as inappropriate waste handling of this product may cause potential hazards to the environment and human health. For more detailed information about recycling of this product, please , contact us.

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Licensing

To view the licenses of open source packages used in this product please see <u>What open source packages are in</u> <u>Teledyne FLIR products?</u>



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Dragonfly S Camera Installation Guide

Welcome to the Dragonfly S camera. We offer a number of resources to assist you with your camera.

- Spinnaker SDK—software development kit that provides GenICam-compliant controls to create applications for the camera. Spinnaker is available for download. Each installation includes API documentation for C, C++, and C#.
- Release Notes—information about the current firmware release including feature additions or changes, bug fixes, and known issues.
- **Specifications**—information about the camera model as it performs with the current firmware.
- Getting Started—quick start guide for installing the camera and software.
- Installation Guide—information about installing the camera and SDK, the physical interface and mechanical properties, troubleshooting and how to get help. This document is available as a PDF for download or as a webpage included in the firmware release package.
- Technical Reference—information about the features supported by the camera model with the current firmware, including: image format control, acquisition control, sequencing, binning/decimation, and others. This document is available as a PDF for download or as a webpage included in the firmware release package.
- **Firmware**—programming inserted into the programmable ROM of the camera that can be updated in-field. New firmware packages are available for download and include both the firmware file and documentation.

These resources as well as knowledge base articles and application notes can be found on the Support page for the product.

Dragonfly S USB3 Camera Support Articles

2 Handling Precautions and Camera Care

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Handling Precautions and Camera Care

Your Teledyne FLIR machine vision camera is a precisely manufactured device and should be handled with care. Here are some tips on how to care for the device.

- Avoid electrostatic charging.
- If you have purchased a board-level camera you should take the following additional protective measures:
 - Either handle bare handed or use non-chargeable gloves, clothes or material. Also, use conductive shoes.
 - Install a conductive mat on the floor or working table to prevent the generation of static electricity.
- When handling the camera unit, avoid touching the lenses. Fingerprints will affect the quality of the image produced by the device.
- To clean the lenses, use a standard camera lens cleaning kit or a clean dry cotton cloth. Do not apply excessive force.
- Extended exposure to bright sunlight, rain, dusty environments, etc. may cause problems with the electronics and the optics of the system.
- Avoid excessive shaking, dropping or any kind of mishandling of the device.

3 Dragonfly S Camera Installation

3.1 Preparing for Installation

Will your system support your camera?

Recommended System Configuration:

- OS, CPU, RAM—dependent on SDK requirements
- Ports—USB3 host controller
- Software—Microsoft Visual Studio to run/compile example code

Have you visited our website?

A downloads account is required to download software and firmware.

- 1. Go to https://www.flir.com/account.
- 2. Enter your email address and click Continue.
- 3. Complete the Create an account form and click Continue.
- 4. You will receive an email with a link to activate your account.
- 5. Once activated, you can login using your credentials.

The Dragonfly S camera resources page has many links to help you operate your camera effectively, including:

- Spinnaker[®] SDK software, including drivers (login required)
- Firmware updates and release notes (login required)
- Dimensional drawings and CAD models
- Documentation
- Knowledge Base articles

Do you have all the parts you need?

To install your camera you need the following components:

- USB3 cable Type A to Micro B (see Interface Cables)
- Interface card (see Interface Card)
- GPIO cable (optional) (see General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO))
- For board-level models—Lens mount
- Lens (see Lens Mounting)
- For board-level models—Heatsink
- For board-level models—USB3 connector locking bracket (optional)
- Tripod adapter (optional) (see Mounting your Dragonfly S Camera)

Teledyne FLIR sells a number of the additional parts required for installation. Visit the Teledyne FLIR Accessories page.

3.2 Installing your Interface Card and Software

1. Install your Interface Card



Ensure the card is installed per the manufacturer's instructions. Connect the internal IDE or SATA power connector on the card to the computer power supply. Alternatively, use your PC's built-in host controller, if equipped.

Open the Windows Device Manager. Ensure the card is properly installed. USB3 cards appear under **Universal Serial Bus Controllers**. An exclamation point (!) next to the card indicates the driver has not yet been installed.

2. Install the Spinnaker® SDK Software

Note: For existing users who already have Spinnaker installed, we recommend ensuring you have the latest version for optimal performance of your camera. If you do not need to install Spinnaker, use SpinView to install and enable drivers for your card.

- a. Go to the Spinnaker SDK Download page. If you are not already logged in, you are prompted to login.
- b. Click the Download Now button.
- c. Select your operating system and version.
- d. After download is complete, open the file to start the Spinnaker setup wizard.
- e. Follow the steps in each setup dialog.

3.3 Installing Your Board-level Dragonfly S Camera

1. Prepare the Lens Mount



The board-level models can use CS-mounts or S-mounts.

2. Remove sticker and install Lens Mount



The sensor is covered with a protective sticker. Remove the sticker. If any residue is present, clean the sensor surface with a non-abrasive cotton swab and isopropyl alcohol cleaning solution. Immediately install the image board over the prepared lens mount.

3. Install the locking bracket (optional)

An optional bracket (ACC-01-0020) can be installed over the interface connector for locking the USB3 cable to the camera.

4. Install a Heatsink



A heatsink is mandatory for board-level and partial cased models.

5. Connect the interface Card and Cable to the camera



Plug the interface cable into the host controller card and the camera. If using a locking bracket, the cable jack screws can be used for a secure connection.

6. Attach a Lens



Unscrew the dust cap from the lens holder to install a lens.

7. Plug in the GPIO connector if required



GPIO can be used for trigger and strobe.

8. Confirm Successful Installation

When the camera is first connected, the operating system automatically installs the camera driver. Camera drivers are available with the Spinnaker SDK installation.

Run the SpinView application: **Start** → **Teledyne Spinnaker SDK** → **SpinView**

The SpinView application can be used to test the camera's image acquisition capabilities.

Changes to your camera's installation configuration can be made using the SpinView application.

3.4 Installing Your Cased Dragonfly S Camera

1. Install the Tripod Mounting Bracket (optional)



The ASA and ISO-compliant tripod mounting bracket attaches to the camera using the included screws.

2. Attach a Lens



Unscrew the dust cap or remove the protective sticker from the lens holder to install a lens. If any residue is present, clean the surface with a nonabrasive cotton swab and isopropyl alcohol cleaning solution. Immediately attach the lens.

3. Connect the interface Card and Cable to the Camera



Plug the interface cable into the host controller card and the camera. The cable jack screws can be used for a secure connection.

4. Plug in the GPIO connector if required



GPIO can be used for trigger and strobe.

5. Confirm Successful Installation

When the camera is first connected, the operating system automatically installs the camera driver. Camera drivers are available with the Spinnaker SDK installation.

Run the SpinView application: **Start** \rightarrow **Teledyne Spinnaker SDK** \rightarrow **SpinView** The SpinView application can be used to test the camera's image acquisition capabilities.

Changes to your camera's installation configuration can be made using the SpinView application.

3.5 Powering Your Dragonfly S Camera

Power must be provided through the USB3 interface. The power consumption is 2.4 W maximum.

The camera does not transmit images for the first 100 ms after power-up. The auto-exposure and auto-white balance algorithms do not run while the camera is powered down. It may therefore take several images to get a satisfactory image.

When the camera is power cycled (power disengaged then re-engaged), the camera reverts to its default factory settings, or if applicable, a saved user set.

Related Knowledge Base Articles

How can I power my USB3 camera?

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Tools to Control your Dragonfly S Camera

The Dragonfly S camera's features can be accessed using various controls, including:

- Spinnaker SDK including API examples
- SpinView camera evaluation application, included in the Spinnaker SDK installation
- Third-party GenICam applications

4.1 Using the Spinnaker[®] SDK

You can monitor or control features of the camera through Spinnaker API examples provided in the Spinnaker SDK, or through the SpinView camera evaluation application. A *Programmer's Guide and API Reference* is included in the installation.

The Spinnaker SDK is available for download from the Spinnaker page.

4.1.1 SpinView Camera Evaluation Application

The SpinView application is a generic, easy-to-use streaming image viewer included with the Spinnaker SDK that can be used to test many of the capabilities of your camera. It allows you to view a live video stream from the camera, save individual images, adjust the various attributes, frame rates, features and settings of the camera. It includes tools for updating firmware, managing drivers, and activity logging.

4.1.2 Custom Applications Built with the Spinnaker API

The Spinnaker SDK includes a full Application Programming Interface that allows you to create custom applications to control your camera. Included with the SDK are a number of source code examples to help you get started.

Spinnaker API examples are provided for C, C++, C#, and VB.NET languages. These examples are precompiled for your convenience.

4.2 Using GenICam Applications

USB3 Vision is a communication interface for vision applications based on the USB3 technology. All cameras supporting USB3 Vision interact the same way with software also supporting USB3 Vision.

For more information on the standard, visit visiononline.org.

The standard defines required elements for camera identification, control, and output. It uses GenlCam, a programming interface for camera attribute control. GenlCam allows camera vendors to define features and attributes in an XML file stored inside the camera. The file is parsed by the host application when the camera is initially discovered. One of the key benefits of GenlCam is the ability for camera vendors to introduce new camera-specific features without needing to update the host application.

Each camera attribute, such as exposure time, is controlled by a specific GenICam feature. The camera includes an XML device description file for interfacing with third-party GenICam-compliant APIs.

For more information on GenICam, visit emva.org.

Getting Started with Third-Party Applications Resources

Getting Started with OpenCV

Getting Started with MATLAB

Getting Started with MVTec HALCON

Getting Started with Cognex VisionPro

Getting Started with Adaptive Vision

Getting Started with Matrox Imaging Library

Getting Started with Matrox Design Assistant

Getting Started with NI-MAX and LabVIEW

Getting Started with NI Vision Builder for Automatic Inspection

USB3 Vision and Third-Party Applications Resources

Using USB3 Vision cameras with National Instruments' Acquisition Software

Using USB3 Vision cameras with A&B Software's ActiveUSB

Using USB3 Vision cameras with Matrox Imaging Library

Using USB3 Vision cameras with MVTec's Halcon software

Using USB3/USB2 cameras with Cognex VisionPro

5 Configuring the Dragonfly S Camera Setup

After successful installation of your camera and interface card, you can make changes to the setup. Use the tools described below to change the driver for your interface card.

For information on updating your camera's firmware post installation, see Dragonfly S Camera Firmware.

5.1 Configuring the Camera Driver

The driver is installed automatically by the Spinnaker SDK installer for Camera Evaluation or for Application Development if the Drivers checkbox is selected (default). A restart is required.



Alternatively, you can manually install the driver. The driver files are located in:

USB3—C:\Program Files\Teledyne\Spinnaker\driver64

To manage and update drivers use the SpinView application:

- 1. Start SpinView: Start Menu→Teledyne Spinnaker SDK→SpinView
- 2. From the Devices list, select the camera and click the Switch Driver button.



- 3. Select the driver from the drop-down list.
- 4. Click Install Driver.

5.2 Dragonfly S Camera Firmware

Firmware is programming that is inserted into the programmable read-only memory (programmable ROM) of most Teledyne FLIR cameras. Firmware is created and tested like software. When ready, it can be distributed like other software and installed in the programmable read-only memory by the user.

The latest firmware versions often include significant bug fixes and feature enhancements. To determine the changes made in a specific firmware version, consult the Release Notes.

Firmware is identified by a version number, a build date, and a description. As well, the Device Version shows the progression of firmware versions for a product, starting with 1.0.

5.2.1 Determining Firmware Version

To determine the firmware version number of your camera:

• Query the GenICam Device Control feature DeviceFirmwareVersion.

or

In SpinView, click the Information tab to view camera information including Device Firmware Version and Device Version.

5.2.2 Upgrading Firmware

Firmware can be upgraded or downgraded to later or earlier versions using SpinView, part of the Spinnaker SDK.

Before upgrading firmware:

- Install the **Spinnaker SDK**, available from the <u>Spinnaker page</u>.
- Download the latest model package zip file for the product, available from the camera's support page Downloads tab:

Dragonfly S Support Downloads

To upgrade the firmware:

- 1. Start→Teledyne Spinnaker SDK→SpinView
- From the Device list, right click the camera and select Update Device Firmware.
 If you get a Device is Active warning, close the Display pane or click the Disconnect button and right click the camera again.
- 3. Browse to select the firmware file and click Open.
- 4. Click Yes to continue.

Warning! Do not disconnect the camera during the firmware update process.

Related Knowledge Base Articles

Teledyne FLIR machine vision software and firmware version numbering systems

Determining my camera's firmware version

Should I upgrade my camera firmware or software?

- 6 Dragonfly S Camera Physical Interface
- 6.1 Dragonfly S Cased Physical Description



6.2 Dragonfly S Board-Level Physical Description





Status LED See Status Indicator LED

3

4

Mounting holes For attaching lens mount and heatsink

6.3 Dragonfly S Camera Dimensions

Download 3D CAD Models / Drawings:

CS-mount Back	CS-mount Side	S-mount Back	S-mount Side	Board-level Back and Side
Connector	<u>Connector</u>	<u>Connector</u>	<u>Connector</u>	Connector

6.3.1 Dragonfly S Camera CS-mount Back Connector Drawing



6.3.2 Dragonfly S Camera CS-mount Side Connector Drawing



6.3.3 Dragonfly S Camera S-mount Back Connector Drawing



6.3.4 Dragonfly S Camera S-mount Side Connector Drawing



6.3.5 Dragonfly S Camera Board-level Back Connector Drawing



6.3.6 Dragonfly S Camera Board-level Side Connector Drawing



6.3.7 Keepout Layer—Board-level Models

Board-level hardware can change without notice. The component envelope is shown below to assist in hardware integration design. Areas marked in red (front and back) are locations where components can change or move, potentially affecting hardware integration as board revisions occur.

6 Dragonfly S Camera Physical Interface







6.4 Interface Connector

6.4.1 USB 3.1 Connector

The camera is equipped with a USB 3.1 Micro-B connector that is used for data transmission, camera control and power. For more detailed information, consult the USB 3.1 specification available from http://www.usb.org/developers/docs/.

Depending on your model, the connector is on the back or the side of the Dragonfly S camera.



USB 3.1 Micro B Connector

For board-level or partial cased models, an optional locking bracket (ACC-01-0020) is available to provide side-locking of the USB3 cable.



6.5 Interface Cables

To purchase a recommended cable from Teledyne FLIR, visit the <u>Accessories \rightarrow Cables</u> page.

The USB3 standard does not specify a maximum cable length.

Note: A 5-meter USB3 cable (or longer) is not recommended for laptops or on board controllers.

Related Knowledge Base Articles

Extending the Working Distance of USB3 Cameras

6.6 General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)

The camera is equipped with a 6-pin GPIO connector. The connector is a JST BM06B-NSHSS-TBT (LF)(SN), the mating connector is a JST NSHR-06V-S.

See Input/Output Control for details on pin assignments and electrical characteristics.

6.7 Interface Card

The camera must connect to an interface card. This is sometimes called a host adapter, a bus controller, or a network interface card (NIC).

Note: For optimal video streaming and camera control performance, we recommend an Intel Pro chipset on a PCIe interface.

In order to achieve the maximum benefits of USB3, the camera must connect to a USB3 PCIe 2.0 card. The card must be connected to the PC power supply in order to power the camera through the USB3 interface.

To purchase a compatible card from Teledyne FLIR, visit the Accessories \rightarrow Host Adapters page.

6.8 Mounting your Dragonfly S Camera

Cased models are equipped with eight (8) M2 x 0.4 mounting holes on the top, bottom and front of the case.

For board-level models, there are eight (8) mounting holes for attaching a lens mount and heatsink. The lens mount is equipped with eight (8) M2 x 0.4 mounting holes on the top, bottom and front.



To maintain sufficient thread depth to mount camera using front mounting holes, use shorter screws when fastening only PCBA to the front case.

Using the Mounting Bracket

The tripod mounting bracket (ACC-01-0017) is equipped with two (2) M2 mounting holes.



6.9 Camera Temperature and Heat Dissipation

You must provide sufficient heat dissipation to control the internal operating temperature of the camera.

As a result of packing the camera electronics into a small space, the camera can become hot when running. This is expected behavior and will not damage the camera electronics.



Warning! To avoid possible burns do not touch the camera while in operation. Wait at least 15 minutes after powering off before touching.

To reduce heat, use a cooling fan to set up a positive air flow around the camera, taking into consideration the following precautions:

- Mount the camera on a heat sink, such as a camera mounting bracket, made out of a heat-conductive material like aluminum.
- Make sure the flow of heat from the camera to the bracket is not blocked by a non-conductive material like plastic.
- Make sure the camera has enough open space around it to facilitate the free flow of air.

6.10 Lens Mounting

Lenses are not included with cameras. Teledyne FLIR sells a number of lenses compatible with our cameras from our Accessories \rightarrow Lenses page. There is also a Lens Calculator to help choose an appropriate lens.

In addition, lens mounts are not included with the board-level model cameras. Teledyne FLIR offers compatible lens mounts for board-level products on our <u>Accessories page</u>. When designing a lens mount, respect the Keepout Layer—Board-level Models.

Related Knowledge Base Articles

Selecting a lens for your camera

6.10.1 Back Flange Distance

The Back Flange Distance (BFD) is offset due to the presence of both a 1 mm infrared cutoff (IRC) filter (color models only) and a 0.5 mm sensor package window. These two pieces of glass fit between the lens and the sensor image plane. The IRC filter is installed on color cameras. The sensor package window is installed by the sensor manufacturer. Both components cause refraction, which requires some offset in flange back distance to correct.

For more information about the IRC filter, see Infrared Cut-Off Filters.

6.11 Non-Volatile Flash Memory

The Dragonfly S camera has 6 MB of non-volatile flash memory for users to store data.

Related Knowledge Base Articles

Storing data in on-camera flash memory

6.12 Dust Protection—Cased Models

The camera housing is designed to prevent dust from falling directly onto the sensor's protective glass surface. This is achieved by placing a protective sticker (S-mount models); or a lens mount cover (CS-mount mono models); or an IR cut-off filter (CS-mount color models) that sits above the surface of the sensor's glass.

6 Dragonfly S Camera Physical Interface

Warning! Cameras are sealed when they are shipped. To avoid contamination, seals should not be broken until cameras are ready for assembly on site.

Warning! Use caution when removing the IR filter. Damage to any component of the optical path voids the Hardware Warranty. Removing the IR filter alters the optical path of the camera, and may result in problems obtaining proper focus with your lens.

Related Knowledge Base Articles

Removing the IR filter from a color camera

Selecting a lens for your camera

6.13 Infrared Cut-Off Filters

Note: This section applies to CS-mount, color, cased or partial cased models. It does not apply to board-level, or CS-mount mono, or S-mount models.

Color CS-mount models are equipped with an additional infrared (IR) cut-off filter. This filter can reduce sensitivity in the near infrared spectrum and help prevent smearing. The properties of this filter are illustrated in the results below.



IR filter transmittance graph

6 Dragonfly S Camera Physical Interface

Transmission	Wavelength
T=50%	680 nm ±10 nm
T>80%	400 nm - 420 nm
T>85%	420 nm - 650 nm
T average 1%	750 nm - 1100 nm
T<3%	750 nm - 1100 nm

The following are the properties of the IR filter glass:

	Properties
Туре	Anti-reflective
Material	Schott B270
Dimensions	14 ±0.08 x 14 ±0.08 mm
Thickness	1 ±0.07 mm

For more information, see Dust Protection—Cased Models.

Warning! Use caution when removing the IR filter. Damage to any component of the optical path voids the Hardware Warranty. Removing the IR filter alters the optical path of the camera, and may result in problems obtaining proper focus with your lens.

Related Knowledge Base Articles

Removing the IR filter from a color camera

6.14 Sensor Shutter Type

6.14.1 Global Shutter

For cameras with a global shutter sensor, for each frame all of the lines start and stop exposure at the same time. The exposure time for each line is the same. Following exposure, data readout begins. The readout time for each line is the same but the start and end times are staggered. Readout time for a line is equal to 1/Horizontal Line Frequency.



Some advantages of global shutter are more uniform brightness and minimal motion blur.

6.14.2 Rolling Shutter

For cameras with a rolling shutter sensor, each frame each line begins exposure at an offset equal to each line's readout time. The exposure time for each line is the same, but the start and end times are staggered. Data readout for each line begins immediately following the line's exposure. The readout time for each line is the same, but the start and end times are staggered. Readout time for a line is equal to 1/Horizontal Line Frequency.



One advantage of a rolling shutter is increased sensitivity. However, because exposure starts at different times throughout the frame, there are known artifacts such as skew, wobble, and partial exposure.

7 Input/Output Control

7.1 General Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)

The camera is equipped with a 6-pin GPIO connector. The connector is a JST BM06B-NSHSS-TBT (LF)(SN), the mating connector is a JST NSHR-06V-S.

Diagram	Color ¹	Pin	Line	Function	Description	Parameters	Typical
				GPIO0	Non-isolated Input/Output TXD (output)	Input Low Level	0 - 1.0 V
						Input High Level	2.6 - 24 V
	Orange	1 ²	0			Propagation Delay	1 µs
						Output Low Current	25 mA
						Output High Level	0 - 24 V
				GPIO1	Non-isolated	Input Low Level	0 - 1.0 V
		2 ²	1			Input High Level	2.6 - 24 V
	Black				Input/Output	Propagation Delay	1 µs
					RXD (input)	Output Low Current	25 mA
						Output High Level	0 - 24 V
6 1		3	2	GPIO2	Non-isolated Input/Output	Input Low Level	0 - 1.0 V
┍╵ <u>╋╷╋╷╋╷╋╷╋</u> ╷╋ ┥	White					Input High Level	2.6 - 24 V
						Propagation Delay	1 µs
						Output Low Current	25 mA
						Output High Level	0 - 24 V
	Green	4		GPIO3	Non-isolated Input/Output	Input Low Level	0 - 1.0 V
			3			Input High Level	2.6 - 24 V
						Propagation Delay	1 µs
						Output Low Current	25 mA
						Output High Level	0 - 7 V
	Brown	5	N/A	GND	Camera Power Ground		
	Red		C N/A	Maut	Comore Device Output	Output Voltage	4.3 V to 5.25 V
		Red	б	N/A	vout	Camera Power Output	Output Current

Measurement conditions: Non-Isolated Output: VCC=5 V, Rext=330 Ohm, Non-Isolated Input: VCC=3.3 V. Measured over operating temperature range (-20°C to +50°C ambient temperature), unless otherwise noted.

1—GPIO cable assembly wire colors

2—Dual function pin

7.2 GPIO Electrical Characteristics

The output is open collector and thus requires a pull-up resistor to operate. The rise time and bias current is determined by the resistor value chosen. If the camera is generating an output signal that approaches the rise time plus the fall time of the circuit, care must be taken to optimize the pull-up resistor chosen to minimize the rise time while still remaining within the current limits of the output circuit.

 Warning! To avoid damage, connect the GND pin first before applying voltage to the GPIO line.

 Warning! Prolonged use of the camera outside of the Operating Range described below may lead to unexpected behavior and should be avoided.

 Operating Range

 Description
 Minimum

 Mainum

Description	Minimum	Maximum
Input Voltage	0 V	24 V
Output Voltage	0 V	7 V
Output Current		25 mA

Non-isolated External Voltage Resistor Combinations

External Voltage	External Resistor	Current
3.3 V	1.0 kΩ	3.1 mA
5 V	1.0 kΩ	4.8 mA
12 V	2.0 kΩ	6 mA
12 V	2.4 kΩ	5 mA
24 V	4.7 kΩ	5.2 mA
Values are for	reference	only



Non-isolated input and output circuit

7.3 Input Timing Characteristics



Input Timing Characteristics

Non-isolated Input Performance (measured at Vcc = 5 V, Rext = 1 k Ω)

Parameter	Symbol	Non-isolated
Input Low Voltage	VL	0.85 V
Input High Voltage	V _H	4.94 V
Input Threshold High Voltage	V_{THH}	4.54 V
Input Threshold Low Voltage	V_{THL}	1.26 V
Cycle Rise Time	t _R	10.8 µs
Cycle Fall Time	t _F	2 μs
Current		4.1 mA

7.4 Output Timing Characteristics



Output Timing Characteristics

Non-isolated Output Performance (measured at Vcc = 5 V, Rext = 1 k Ω)

Parameter	Symbol	Non-isolated
Output Low Voltage	VL	0.23 V
Output High Voltage	V _H	4.95 V
Output Threshold High Voltage	V_{THH}	4.48 V
Output Threshold Low Voltage	V_{THL}	0.7 V
Cycle Rise Time	t _R	2.6 µs
Cycle Fall Time	t _F	0.23 μs
Opto Current		4.8 mA

8 Troubleshooting

8.1 Support

Teledyne FLIR endeavors to provide the highest level of technical support possible to you. Most support resources can be accessed through your product's Support page.

Dragonfly S USB3 Camera Support Articles

Contacting Technical Support

Before contacting Technical Support, have you:

- 1. Read the product documentation?
- 2. Searched the Product Support page?
- 3. Downloaded and installed the latest version of software and/or firmware?
- 4. Checked out our support community forum?
- 5. Looked at our GitHub Spinnaker Examples page?

If you have done all the above and still can't find an answer to your question, contact our Technical Support team.

8.2 Status Indicator LED

LED	USB
No Light	No power or LED is in inactive state or LED is in error status state with no error
Blinking Green (3 blinks)	USB3
Blinking Green (short, long, short)	Enumeration Issue
Solid Green	Acquisition Started
Rapid Flashing Green	Firmware update in progress
Flashing Green and Red	Camera Booting Up
Blinking Red	Camera Crash

Contacting Teledyne FLIR

For any questions, concerns or comments please contact us:

Email	General questions
Support Ticket	Technical support
Support Forum	Teledyne FLIR Community
Website	Find specifications, support articles, downloads on the website <u>Teledyne FLIR</u> machine vision

Revision History

Version	Date	Description
1.0	August 1, 2024	Support for DR-U3-50Y2